

THE DAIRY INDUSTRY PROFILE FY 2024/25

INTRODUCTION

This profile summarizes statistical insights relating to milk production, processing and marketing to give the state of the National Dairy Industry and issues pertaining to its competitiveness.

Livestock contributes 16.9% to agricultural GDP, 8% to agricultural exports. Dairy industry accounts for 72% of Livestock GDP, 84% (US\$264million) of export value of livestock products. Whereas the dairy industry registered an annual growth rate of 3%, it operates under its potential due to the challenges in productivity, processing, and market. The Diary is considered a strategic industry under the Agro-Industrialization pillar of the Ten-Fold Growth Strategy.

Despite a 3% annual growth rate, the sector operates below its potential due to challenges in productivity, processing, and market access.

Livestock contribution to agricultural GDP and 8% to agricultural exports.

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Dairy industry contribution to Livestock GDP.

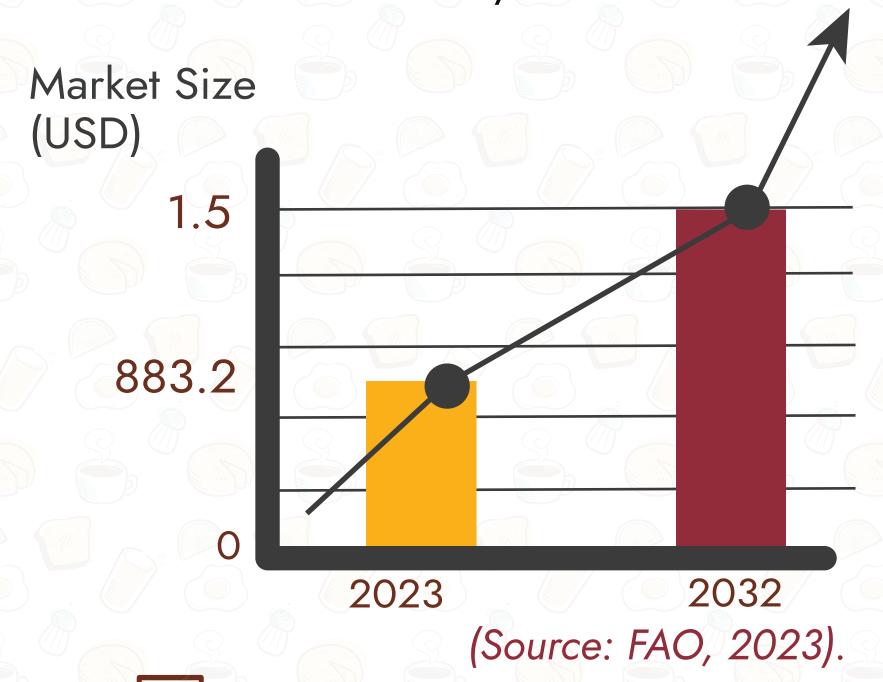
(USD 264 million) of livestock export value.



i

Global Market size

Estimated at USD 883.2 billion (2023), projected to reach USD 1.5 trillion by 2032

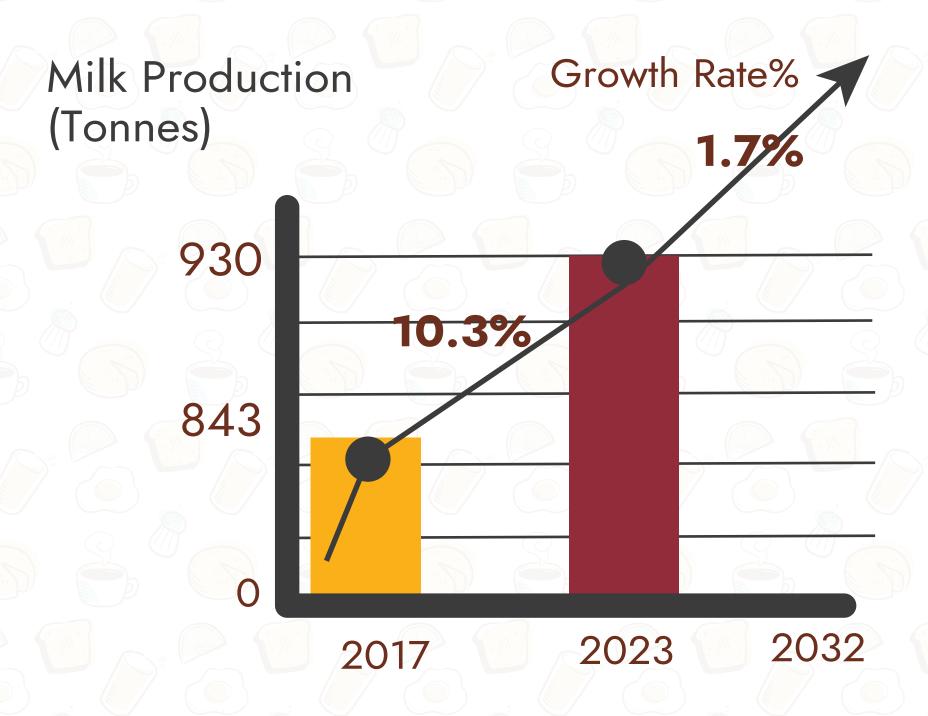


ii

Global Milk Output

Global output increased by 10.3%, from 843 million metric tonnes (2017) to 930 million metric tonnes (2023) and estimated to grow at an annual growth rate 1.7% (2023–2032)

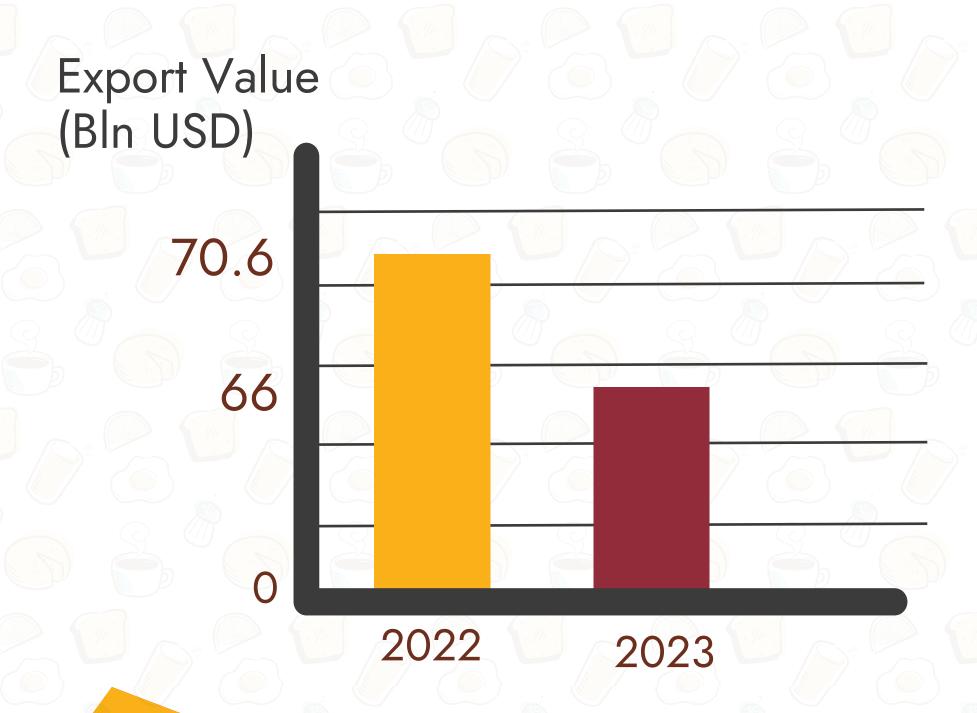




Annual growth rate is estimated at (2023–2032).

India's contribution to the global milk out and is the as the largest producer in the world followed by United States, Pakistan, China and Brazil. Uganda's shares is estimated to account for 0.6%.

The export value of dairy product worldwide reached about **66 billion** U.S. dollars in 2023, down from around **70.6 billion** U.S. dollars in the previous year.

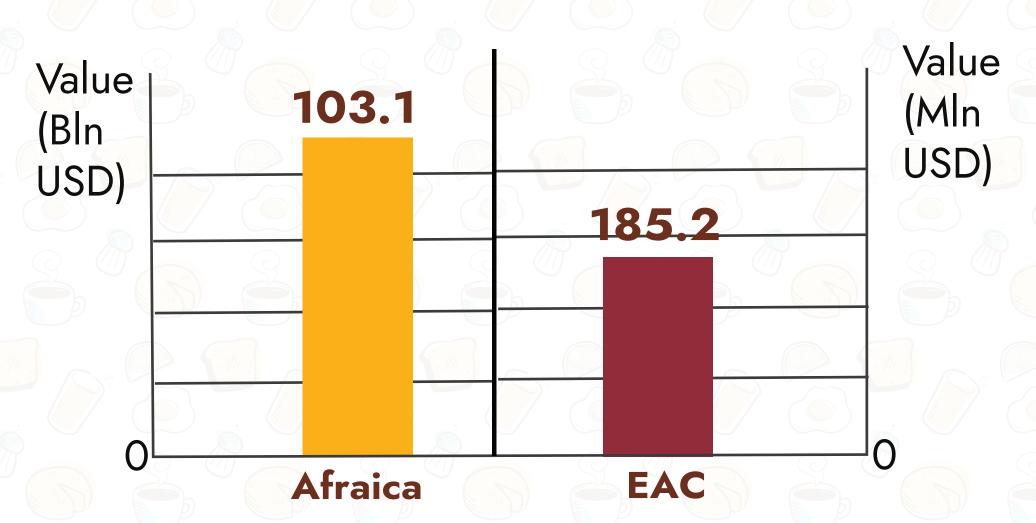




The African continent is a net importer of dairy produce, valued by the International Trade Centre at **USD** 103.1 billion and Dairy imports by the EAC region in 2022 were estimated by the International Trade Centre at **USD** 185.2 million.

Kenyans consume around 110 liters of milk per person each year.

African and EAC Milk Imports





MAAIF is mandated to coordinate interventions, laws, policies and plans that directly affect the dairy industry.

1	Animal Breeding Act Cap 47.	
2	Animal Diseases Act Cap 48.	
3	Cattle Traders Act Cap 52.	
4	Dairy Industry Act Cap 67	

Focus areas include disease control, breeding, animal feed standards, and dairy product quality assurance.





1	Market Size	USD 446 million (2023).
2	Milk Production Volume	5.40 billion liters (2023)
3	National Herd Size	16.70 million heads.
4	Domestic Milk Consumption	800 million liters (20.7% of total production).
5	Per Capita Consumption	63.5 liters, below the WHO recommendation of 200 liters.
6	Formal Dairy Exports	UGX 978 billion (2023). Exports represent 42% of Uganda's agricultural export value
7	Formal Dairy Imports:	UGX 28.6 billion (2023)



Trends in Milk production and herd size

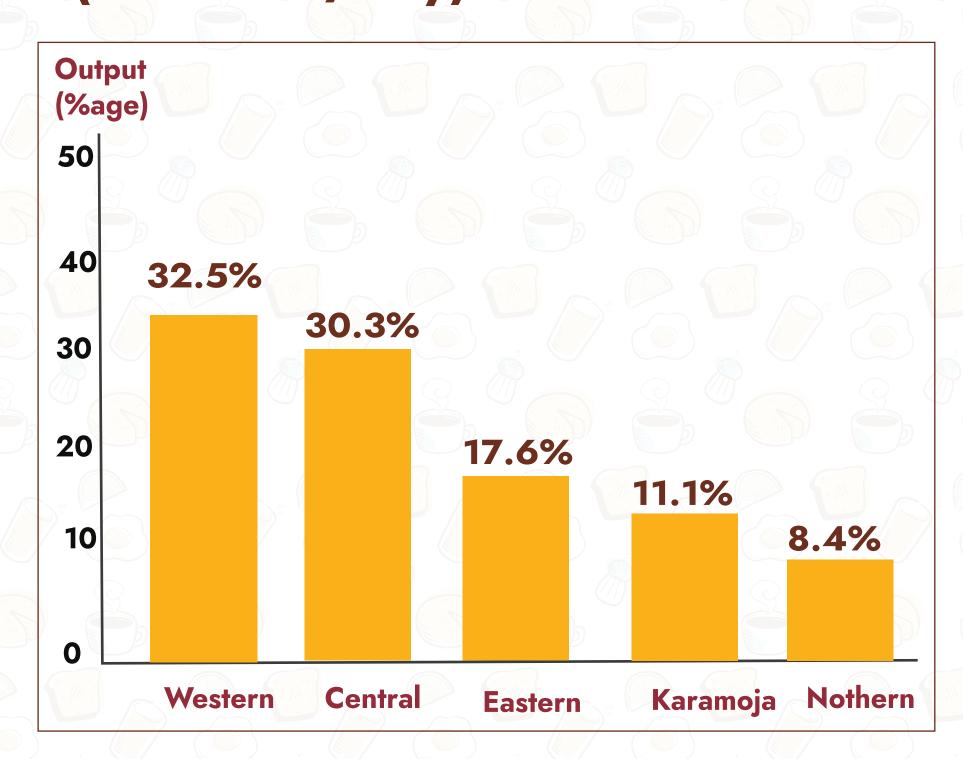
The national herd size in grew by 29% between 2013 from 13.02 million to 16.7 million heads of cattle as of 2023.

2023	THE THE THE	16.7 million
2013		13.02 million

Milk production increased by 103% from 1.9 billion litres to 3.85 billion litres over same period and during the year 2024, milk production increased from 3.85 billion litres to 5.4 billion litres showing a 40% growth. National productivity average: 4.8 liters/cow/day.

Trends in Milk production and herd size

Western region is the leading milk producing region accounting for 32.5% of the total milk output in the country followed by central (30.3%), Eastern (17.6%), Karamoja (11.1%) and Northern (8.4%). Highest in the Central region (6.6 liters/day), lowest in Karamoja (2.9 liters/day).



SECTION 6: DAIRY VALUE CHAIN INFRASTRUCTURE

- .) Milk Collection Centers (MCCs).
- ii.) Milk Bulking Centers.
- iii.) Milk Coolers.
- iv.) Registered Road Milk Tankers in 2022 for Milk Transportation.

Milk shed No.of Tankers		%age	
Central	99	51.3	
Midwest	24	12.4	
Southwest	70	36.3	
Total	193	100	





SECTION 7: DAIRY VALUE CHAIN INFRASTRUCTURE

There are **145** dairy processing facilities ranging from large, medium, small scale and cottages with a total installed capacity of **3.4 million** litres of milk. The facilities however operate at **2.3 million** litres indicating operational efficiency of **68.7** %.

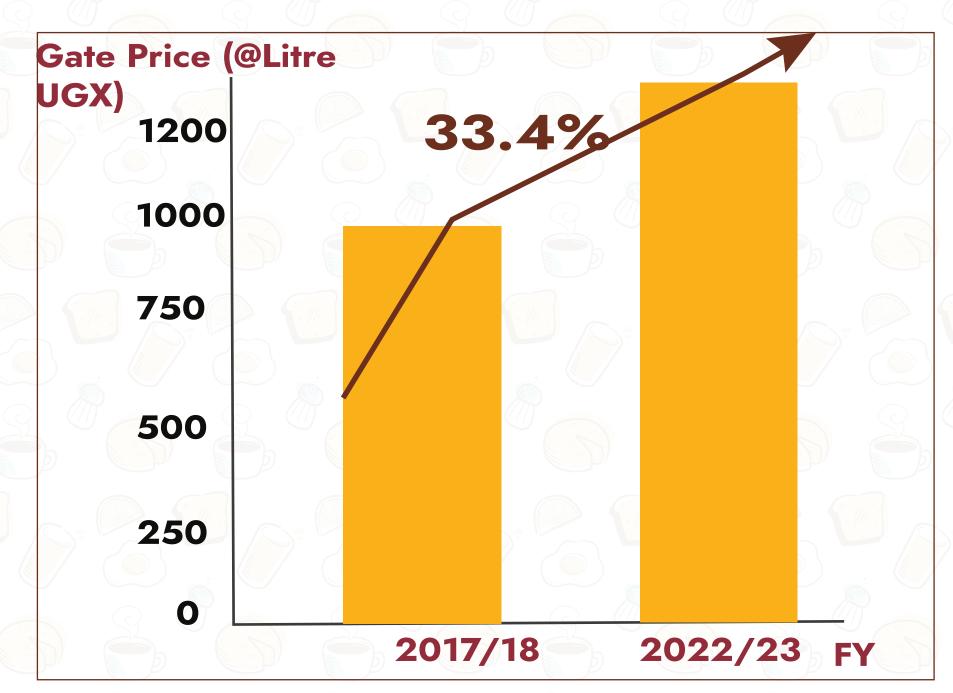
Milk shed	Diary Processor	Installed capacity (Ltrs)	Operating capacity (Ltrs)
Southwest	59	2,107,910	1,431,430
Central	48	1,252,470	878,240
Midwest	6	11,00	900
Northeast	15	4665	3,360
Northern	6	10,900	5,350
Eastern	110 (1900	15,00
Total	145	3,378,945	2,320,780

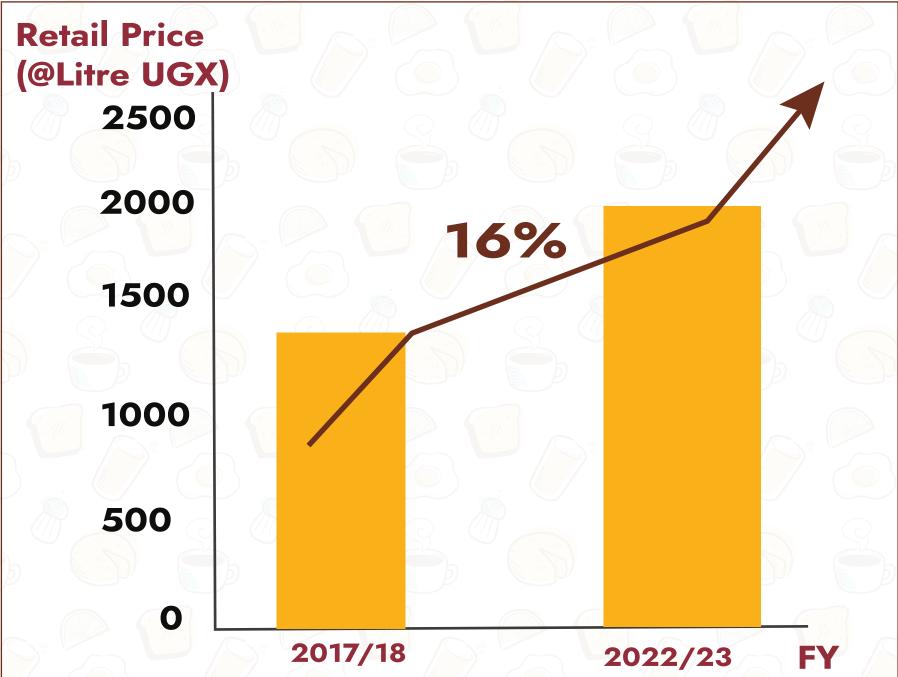
Source: DDA License Register



i Farm gate and Retail Prices.

The national average farm gate price per litre increased by 33.4% from UGX 899 FY2017/18 to UGX 1200 in 2022/23 while the national average retail price per litre increased by 16% from UGX 1,466 in FY 2017/18 in FY 2017/18 to UGX 1700 in 2022/23





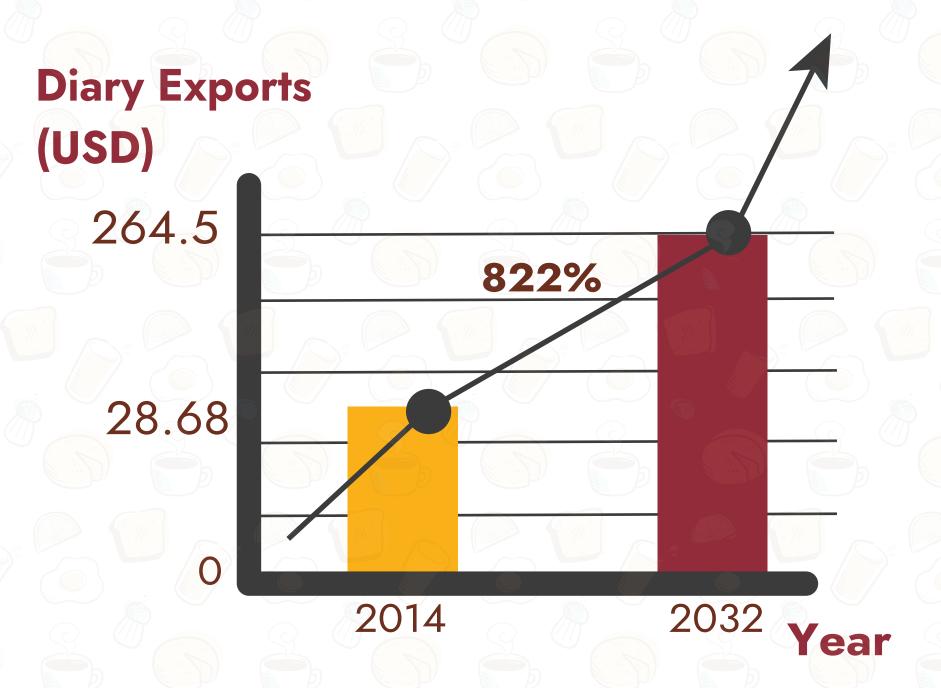
ii Milk and Dairy Products ex-factory priceS

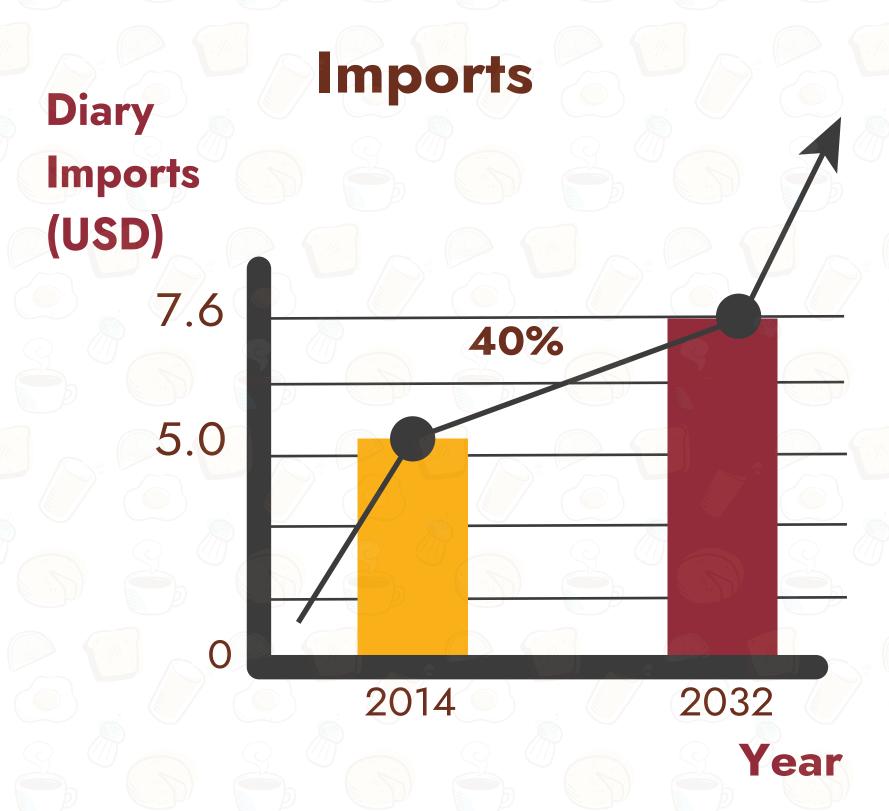
Product name	Average ex-factory price (Ugx/kg)
Yoghurt	4,386
Whole Milk powder	18,500
UHT liquid milk	2,250
Pasteurized milk	2,438
Cheese	23,711
Butter	11,478
Ghee	13,794
Casein	23,582



iii Milk and Dairy Products ex-factory priceS

Dairy exports increased by **822%** from **US\$ 28.68 million** in 2014 to **US\$ 264.5 million** in 2023 while imports increased by **52%** over the same period. Import of dairy products increased by **40%** from **US\$5.0 million** in 2014 to **US\$ 7.6 million** in 2023.





Composition of Dairy Exports

Milk powder is the most exported product accounting for **54.2%** of the total export value, followed by **UHT** (**33.1**).

Product name	Value Billions Ugx	% Share
Milk powder	529.0	54.2
UHT	323.0	33.1
Casein	60.9	6.2
Butter	45.2	4.6
Ghee	8.2	0.8
Yoghurt	7.8	0.8
Whey	2.1	0.2
Cheese	0.3	0.03
GRAND TOTAL	976.36	100

V Milk Export Destinations

EAC market:

Tanzania, Kenya, Rwanda, Burundi, Congo, Southern Sudan.

COMES and SADC:

Mali, Egypt, Somalia, Nigeria, Ethiopia, Madagascar, Malawi, Mauritius and Seychelles.

Beyond Africa:

India, UAE, Syria, Japan Oman, USA, Nepal Bangladesh China, Russia Federation, Azerbaijan, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain.





No.	Country	Value (Billions Ugx)	% Share
1	Kenya	810.57	83.02
2	United States	57.60	5.90
3	Egypt	34.95	3.58
4	South Sudan	26.48	2.71
5	Tanzania	13.06	1.34
6	Oman	6.91	0.71
7	India	5.28	0.54
8	DRC	4.55	0.47
9	Ethiopia	4.53	0.46
10	Malawi	4.09	0.42
11	Rwanda	4.08	0.42
12	Japan	1.32	0.14
13	South Africa	1.22	0.12
14	Sudan	1.10	0.11
15	Mali	1.10	0.03
16	Burundi	1.10	0.02
17	Madagascar	1.10	0.01
18	Somalia	1.10	0.01
19	Turkey	1.10	0.0019
20	Netherlands	0.00	0.0002
	TOTAL	976.36	100

Vi Milk Imports.

No.	Country	Value (Billions Ugx)	% Share
1	Kenya	11.55	40.35
2	France	5.16	18.04
3	Poland	4.15	14.50
4	Mexico	2.85	9.97
5	South Africa	0.95	3.32
6	Netherlands	0.84	2.93
7	United Kingdom	0.81	2.83
8	UAE	0.65	2.28
9	China	0.31	1.05
10	Germany	0.29	1.03
11	Others		5.0

Dairy Export Market Mapping to

New and emerging potential markets: These include Algeria, Nigeria, Serbia, Russia Federation, Azerbaijan, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, in addition to EAC, COMESA and SADC market.

Dairy Products	Value (UGX)
Milk powder	10,000,000,000
UHT milk	600,000,000
Casein	120,000,000,000
Butter/AMF	90,000,000,000
Whey powder	5,000,000,000
Lactose	20,000,000,000
Yoghurt	150,000,000,000
Ghee	16,000,000,000
Cheese	600,000,000
TOTAL	11,001,600,000,000/=

SECTION 9:

ISSUES LIMITING
COMPETITIVENESS
AND THE ACTIONABLE
RECOMMENDATIONS

i. Underutilization of the installed milk processing capacity due to insufficient raw material.

Recommendation; Promotion of Pasture Production and Fodder Conservation for increased milk production.

ii. Low productivity per cow is at 4.8 liters per day per animal due to lack the necessary knowledge and skills to ensure higher productivity.

Recommendation; MAAIF should rehabilitate and equip the Entebbe Dairy Training School (EDTS) as a center of excellence.



iii. Limited milk consumption by the local population consuming only 64 liters per liter per capita.

Recommendation; Undertake expansion of the school milk program in the country.

iv. Deployment of Non-tariff barriers to
Ugandan processors by neighboring
Governments for example denial of export
permits, import quotas, import levies, import
bans and other restrictive business practices.

Recommendation;

v. Limited access to authentic inputs by farmers especially rural smallholder farmers who are the majority in the industry.

Recommendation; MAAIF should rehabilitate the cold chain infrastructure to reduce post-harvest losses during marketing.



Diary Milking Technology





Mechanised Diary Farming





